## ACTIVITY OF THE PESTICIDE SUMCIDIN ON THE COPEPODS Lernea cypranace AND Tetrahymena corlissi INFECTING OF Cyprinus carpio AND Gambusia affinis FISHES.

Majdy F. Majeed\* Raaed S. Atte\*\* Majad A. Banay.\*\*\*

\*Basrah– Dept. Histology and Anatomy- Collage of Veterinary Medicine – University of Basrah . Majdy2006ad@yahoo.com

\*\* Dept. Animals Resources - Collage of Agriculture - University of Diyala .

\*\*\*Dept. Marine Veterinary – Marine Sciences Center – University of Basrah .

## ABSTRACT

The effecting of the pesticides sumcidin was tested as a control for the copepod *L. cypranacea* and the protozoa parasitic *T. corlissi* living in the fish *Gambosia affinis* and larva of *Cyprinus carpio*.

The concentration used were (0.001, 0.005, 0.001, 0.1, 0.5 and 1.0) mg/L for (6, 12, 24, 48 and 72) hours, the results showed that the concentration 0.01 mg/L have a significant effect on the activity of the larval stages and the protozoa parasite *T. corlissi*. No sign of pathological effect on the *G. affinis* and the larvae of *C. Carpio* before 24 hr. but the effect was significant after this time. Changes was clear in liver, muscle and blood of the fish in concentrations (0.1, 0.5 and 1) mg/L hence these concentrations Sumcidin as lethal for the fish and the larva stage.

Keywords : Pesticide Sumcidin, Copepods Lernea, common carp fish, Gambusia fish.